OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL INFORMATION OFFICER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE, OLD PUBLIC OFFICES, BANGALORE.

Press Note.

Food offences in the Rationed Area of the Corporation of the City of Bangalore, for the fortnight ended 15th November 1951.

I. BANGALORE CORPORATION.

1 Two persons of Civil Area, Bangalore, were convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 2 each for unauthorised transport of rationed articles.

2 One person of Bangalore City was convicted and sentenced to undergo Simple Imprisonment till the rising of the Court and to pay a fine of Rs. 50 for having run a Catering Establishment unauthorisedly.

3 One person of Bangalore City, was convicted and sentenced to undergo Simple Imprisonment till the rising of the Court and to pay a fine of Rs. 40 for having produced a false Surrender Certificate.

4. A foodgrains licensee of III Division, Civil Area, Bangalore, was administered a warning for having closed his ration shop unauthorisedly on 11th October 1951.

5 A licensed retailer in rationed foodgrains of VII Division, Bangalore City, was warned for having issued rations on a cancelled Ration Card.

6 Two retailers in rationed foodgrains of IV Division, Civil Area, Bangalore, were fined Rs. 25 each, besides levy of penal rate for incurring heavy shortages in rationed foodgrains.

7 A foodgrains licensee of VIII Division, Bangalore City, was fined Rs. 25 for having issued two weeks rations on a Ration Card, in contravention of a specific endorsement.

8 A licensed dealer in rationed foodgrains of VIII Division, Bangalore City, was administered warning for certain irregularities in accounts.

9 A dealer in rationed foodgrains, V Division, Civil Area, Bangalore, was warned for having issued sugar mixed with dust to a Card-holder.

10. The fuel licence of a dealer in fuel of IV Division, Civil Area, was cancelled for certain serious irregularities.

II. MYSORE CITY.

1 For transporting paddy and rice without permit, ten persons were convicted and sentenced to Simple Imprisonment till the rising of the Court with fines ranging from Rs. 30 to Rs. 100, in default to undergo Simple Imprisonment ranging from ten days to one month.

2 For hulling paddy without permit one flour mill owner was convicted and sentenced to pay a fine of Rs. 20 in default to undergo Simple Imprisonment for ten days.

3 For illegal possession of Ration Cards, two persons were convicted and sentenced to simple imprisonment till the rising of the Court with fines of Rs. 20 and Rs. 25, respectively in default to undergo simple imprisonment for ten days.

4 For running a hotel without licence, one person was convicted and sentenced to simple imprisonment till the rising of the Court with a fine of Rs. 100, in default to undergo simple imprisonment for one month.

5 Three depot licensees were fined Rs. 50, Rs. 25 and Rs. 10 respectively for issuing cheques towards the cost of commodities supplied to them, without having sufficient funds at their credit in the Bank.

(P. N. No. 217—3-12-1951.)

Press Note.

Sub. :—*Foodgrains and Pulses on trade account—Preferential Traffic.*

The Ministry of Railways (Railway Board), Government of India, had given in their order of priority (General Order No. 5), the tenth place to the movement of foodgrains and pulses on trade account to Mysore State. As Mysore State has always been deficit in respect of gram and pulses and considerable difficulty was experienced by trade in moving these grains to Mysore, the Government of India were requested to give higher priority to Mysore State for movement of foodgrains and pulses on trade account. The Ministry of Railways (Railway Board) have since accorded higher priority by amending General Order No. 5, dated 16th June 1951, as shown below :

Substitute the following for the existing item 2(b) of the above General Order :—

2(b).—Foodgrains and pulses on trade account to areas specifically notified by the Railway Board [At present and until further orders the areas for this purpose are (i) Mysore State, (ii) Madras State, (iii) West Bengal, and (iv) Assam.]

In effect, movement of foodgrains and pulses on trade account to Mysore is allowed preference only next to "Foodgrains on Government Account" which is the first item in the list.

The trade may take full advantage of the priority now afforded to Mysore for movement of foodgrains, gram and pulses to Mysore State.

The consignors are advised to register their demands at the forwarding stations and await their turn according to the order of registration in the Priority Register.

(P. N. No. 218—3-12-51)

Press Note.

Visitors, deputationists or students from India desiring to visit or take training with the various U.S Government Agencies must put their request through the Embassy of India in U.S.A. to the Department of State of the U.S.A. at least one month before the visit or training is desired. Because of the many requests received by the Department of State of the U.S.A. they have decided to grant clearance to such visitors, only if the Embassy of India in U.S.A. send their note at least one month in advance. All the visitors, deputationists and students who wish to take training or spend a few days with any of the U.S. Government Agencies are advised to intimate the Indian Embassy well in advance of their expected arrival in U.S.A.

(P. N. No. 219—4-12-1951)

5871

Press Note.

Effect of Zinc Sulphate on Ragi.

The Agricultural Chemist, Department of Agriculture, Bangalore, has reported that experiments conducted during 1949-50 at Hebbal, showed that when Zinc sulphate was applied broadcast to ragi at the rate of 5 lbs. per acre just before sowing, the yields of grain and straw were considerably increased. To verify these results a number of experiments on bulk scale were conducted during 1949-50 and 1950-51 in various localities in Bangalore and Kolar Districts, besides the Government Farms. While the check plots received the cultural and manurial treatments normally adopted in the concerned areas, the treated plots received Zinc sulphate applied at the rate of 5 to 10 lbs. per acre.

It is observed that increases in the yield of grain and straw were obtained in almost all cases where Zinc sulphate was applied to the land. The range of increase however varied widely from only a few seers in certain cases to several pallas of grain per acre in other cases. Similar variations are observed in the case of straw yield also. The work of conducting these trials in other areas is being continued. Considering that an increased yield of about one to one and half pallas of grain and an additional 200 lbs. of straw are obtained per acre by the application of the above dosage of Zinc sulphate, it can be estimated that for an outlay of only about Rs. 2 to Rs. 4 increased returns of Rs. 30—35 may be obtained per acre.

(P. N. No. 220—5-12-1951).

5871

Press Note.

It is notified for general information that copies of the Second Volume of the Election Manual are available at the Government Central Book Depot, Bangalore, at Rs. 1-6-0 per copy.

(P. N. No. 221—5-12-1951).

5871

Press Note.

The following Press Note issued by the Indian Central Tobacco Committee, Madras-14, regarding the training of the candidates in cigarette, tobacco flue-curing, is published for general information.

PRESS NOTE.

The Indian Central Tobacco Committee offers facilities for training of about twenty persons, free of charge, in the flue-curing of Cigarette Tobacco at the Farms of the Central Tobacco Research Institute, Rajahmundry and Cigarette Tobacco Research Sub-Station, Guntur (South India).

The terms and conditions are as follows :—

1. *Qualifications.*—(*a*) The candidate should have had some experience or training of the standard of a Fieldman or Kamgar in General Agriculture.

(*b*) He must have a reading and writing knowledge of Hindustani, Telugu or English.

2. *Curriculum.*—General theoretical and practical training will be given in various phases of curing of cigarette tobacco. Candidates who are agricultural graduates will be given more detailed training, if required.

3. *Language.*—Training will be imparted in English, but arrangements can be made to impart necessary instruction in Hindustani and Telugu in the case of candidates who are unable to follow lectures in English.

4. *Period of training.*—Period of training will be for about three months, beginning from first week of January 1952 and lasting up to the end of March 1952.

5. An oral or written examination will be held at the end of the period of training. Successful candidates will be issued a certificate. The committee does not guarantee appointment as the training is mainly meant to enable the candidate to improve his tobacco crop.

6. *Cost of training.*—The training will be given free of cost, but the candidate will have to meet his own expenses of touring and of other incidental activities during the course of training.

7. *Boarding and Lodging.*—Residential accommodation for some candidates will be arranged by the Committee at nominal rent of Rs. 2 per month. The boarding and other expenses will, however, have to be borne by the trainee himself.

8. *Conveyance.*—The candidate will have to make his own arrangement to attend the farm work.

For further particulars, the Director, Tobacco Research, Central Tobacco Research Institute, Rajahmundry (South India), should be addressed. Applications for training should be sent to reach him before 15th December 1951.

(P. N. No. 222—6-12-1951).

Press Note.

The Controller of Civil Supplies and Chief Cement Rationing Authority in Mysore, has notified for the information of the public that in view of the satisfactory supply position of cement throughout the State, the concession granted by him in Notification No. 9300—51-52, dated the 28th August 1951, relaxing the Cement Control Order in the State by permitting the licensed Cement Stockists throughout the State (except Bangalore City and Civil Station including Bangalore North and South Taluks for which a separate notification has been issued) to sell cement to *bona fide* consumers within their jurisdiction up to one ton (20 bags), during the month without permits, as a tentative measure for a period of three months from 1st September 1951, is further relaxed and the licensed cement stockists are permitted to sell cement without permits to the *bona fide* consumers of their locality up to fifty bags per month, per person until further orders.

(P.N. No. 223—7 12-1951).

Press Note.

Grading of Ghee under the 'Agmark' in Mysore State.

Consequent on the extension of the Agricultural Produce (Grading and Marking) Act, 1937 and also the Ghee Grading and Marking Rules, 1938 to all part 'B' States with effect from 1st April 1951, the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India, New Delhi, has suggested to take up the grading of ghee under the 'AGMARK' in Mysore State.

As reported, there are three types of Laboratories functioning under the Scheme in India at present and it has been suggested to adopt any of three types depending upon the wishes of the ghee merchants in Mysore State.

The first type is represented by laboratories which are owned individually by packers, Such packers are permitted to link up a sub-packer to grade his ghee through the laboratory and refinery of the principal packer. In the second category fall laboratories owned by associations of packers to which members of the Association are attached as sub-packers. The members can have either separate refineries of their own or grade ghee through a central refinery. The strength of technical staff at such laboratories depends on the number of refineries which the chemists are required to supervise and the quantity of ghee handled there. This system naturally reduces the cost of grading as each packer is not required to have a laboratory and a chemist of his own. There is also a third category to which belong joint laboratories of the second type with the difference that laboratory is owned and run by Government who charge some agreed grading fee from packers working through it. Such laboratories are said to be working at present in Saurashtra, Patiala and East Punjab States Union and Madhya Bharat.

The ghee packers are required to pay to the Central Government charges for 'AGMARK' ghee labels at the rate of 10 annas per maund of ghee graded. A special adhesive required for affixing AGMARK labels is also supplied by the Directorate of Marketing and Inspection, New Delhi.

The question of grading ghee as per AGMARK specifications was discussed with some of the local ghee merchants and as they were not in favour of maintaining a laboratory of their own and also to form into an Association for this purpose. It was proposed to get the ghee samples of the individual merchants analysed at the Government Public Health Institute at a concession rate of Rs. 3 per sample. This proposal, which was agreed to by the Director of Public Health, has been accepted by Government of Mysore, with a modification that the concession rate will hold if the samples to be sent to the Institute do not exceed 10 per mensem.

All the merchants who are dealing in ghee in Bangalore City are hereby requested to come forward and take advantage of the concession granted by the Government in case they are interested in grading of ghee according AGMARK specifications.

For any particulars, they may apply either in person or in writing to the Chief Marketing Officer in Mysore, Apex Bank Buildings, Chamarajpet, Bangalore City.

(P.N. No. 224—7-12-1951).

Press Note.

Procurement Prices for 1951-52 *Crop Season.*

With the concurrence of the Central Government, the State Government have fixed the following prices for procurement of foodgrains during 1951-52 crop season :—

Price per palla of 100 seers.

		Rs.
Paddy	I Quality	21
,,	II Quality	19
Ragi	... ...	20
Jola	... ...	20
Save	... ...	18
Sajje	... ...	18
Navane	... ...	19
Wheat	... ...	31/8

It may be noted that the same procurement prices as were fixed for 1949-50 and 1950-51 season have been continued for 1951-52 crop season also.

(P.N. No. 225—7-12-1951).

Press Note.

It has come to the notice of Government that in some cases the local Revenue Officers have as per provisions of Clause 13 of the Harvest Order, 1949, issued prohibitory

orders restricting the harvesting of paddy in respect of entire villages and even larger areas. The Deputy Commissioners have been instructed to see that such general orders are not resorted to as far as possible as it would inconvenience a very large number of raiyats and that recourse be had generally to prohibitory orders in individual cases wherever it is necessary in the interests of procurement work.

(P.N. No. 226—8-12-1951).

D. R. RAMAIYA,
Principal Information Officer I/c.

5871

FOREST DEPARTMENT

KOLAR FOREST DIVISION.

Brief Notification dated 20th November 1951.

Sale of dead Casuarina Trees.

It is hereby notified for general information that 660 dead Casuarina trees collected from Kasipur Plantation of Mulbagal Taluk and stocked in three lots at the residence of the forest guard in Settibanakanahalli Village about three miles away from Mulbagal, will be sold by public auction by the District Forest Officer, Kolar or by any other officer deputed by him on Monday the 17th December 1951 at 2 P.M. at the Travellers' Bungalow, Mulbagal. The sale is subject to the confirmation by the District Forest Officer or the Chief Conservator of Forests as the case may be.

Each bidder shall before he is permitted to bid, deposit a sum of Rs. 50 with the sale Conducting Officer before the sale is commenced as earnest deposit.

Immediately after the sale is closed the highest bidder should pay the full sale amount with the usual cesses and the sales-tax on the full sale amount.

The trees purchased should be removed within three weeks from the date of intimation of the confirmation order.

For further conditions and other particulars please see page 1218, Part VI of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 5th June 1941, or ascertain from the District Forest Officer, Kolar or the Range Forest Officer concerned.

5378

Resale Notification dated 23rd November 1951.

Resale of certain kinds of forest produce.

It is hereby notified for general information that the right of collecting the undermentioned forest produces of the several units of Kolar District during the current lease period from the date of confirmation of this sale will be resold at the risk of the original purchasers who have failed to adhere to the sale conditions (such as not paying the khist amounts falling due on 1st October 1951 by the District Forest Officer, Kolar or any other officer deputed by him for the purpose at the District Forest Office, Kolar, on Monday the 19th December 1951 at 2 P.M.

N B.—Other particulars and conditions may be ascertained from the District Forest Office, Kolar or from the Range Forest Officers concerned.

1. Other M. F. P. lease for 50-52.
   Goribidanur Taluk | Chikballapur Taluk
   Gudibanda Taluk | Kolar Taluk
2. Lichens for 50-52.
   Srinivasapur Taluk
3. Seethapal for 50-52.
   Bangarpet Taluk
4. Honge leaves and seeds for 50-52.
   Srinivasapur Taluk
5. Tamarind for 50-52.
   Beechaganahalli Plantation
   Kamasettihalli Do
   Plantations of Sidlaghatta Taluk
6. Maradi seeds lease for 50-52.
   Goribidanur Taluk
   Bagepalli Taluk
   Chikballapur Taluk
7. Stone quarries lease for 51-52.
   Gokunte quarry

N. SESHA MURTHY, *D.F.O.*

5452

SAGAR FOREST DIVISION.

Notification dated 23rd November 1951.

Notice is hereby given that the following kinds and quantities of timber available in the Depot at Anandapuram will be sold by public auction by the undersigned or any other officer deputed by him for the purpose in the respective Depot on the date and time noted against the same.

Name of Depot	Date of Sale	Kind and quantities of Timber (Approximate Quantity)		
				C.ft.
Anandapuram Depot of Anandapuram Range.	18th December 1951 at 2 P.M.	Honne	...	2,000
		Mathi	...	500
		Nandi	...	1,000
		Yethiga	...	500
		Other kinds	...	4,000
		Total	...	8,000

The other sale conditions are as usual. Further particulars if any, required may be had from the office of the undersigned or from the Range Forest Officer, Anandapuram Range.

5516

Notification dated 3rd December 1951.

Notice is hereby given that the following kinds and quantities of timber available in the Depot will be sold by public auction by the undersigned or any other officer deputed by him for the purpose in the respective Depot on date and time noted against it.

Name of Depot	Date of Sale Time	Kind and quantities of timber (approximate quantity).		
Shikaripura Depot.	24th December 1951 at 2 p.m.	Nandi	...	1,200 C.ft.
		Hunalu	...	1,000 C.ft.
		Mathi	...	500 C.ft.
		Yethiga	...	300 C.ft.
		Other kinds	...	2,000 C.ft.
		Total	...	5,000 C.ft.

The other sale conditions are as usual. Further particulars, if any, required in the matter may be had from the office of the undersigned or from the Range Forest Officer, Shikaripur Range.

R. KRISHNA MURTHY,
D.F.O.

5767

ENGINEERING DEPARTMENT

BANGALORE DIVISION.

Notification dated 26th November 1951.

The attention of the public is invited to the detailed notification inviting sealed tenders for construction of a pick-up across the waste weir halla of Kaleri Tank, Magadi Taluk, published on page 1351–52 of Part VI of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 6th December 1951.

The last date for the receipt of tenders is before 4 P.M. on 21st December 1951. A duplicate chellan for having credited in the treasury the deposit amount of Rs. 500 under "40 (i) Remittances—Payments into Treasuries by P.W.D." Officers should accompany each tender.

C. R. KRISHNASWAMY MUDALIAR,
Ex. Enar

5782

BUILDINGS DIVISION, BANGALORE.

Notification dated 3rd—5th December 1951.

Tenders will be received in the Office of the Executive Engineer, Buildings Division, Bangalore, up to 4 P.M. on 22nd December 1951, for the following work :—

Name of work	Amount of estimate	Earnest money
	Rs.	Rs.
Re-roofing of Hanger at Jakkur Aerodrome, Bangalore.	13,894	695

1. Each tender must be accompanied by a duplicate chellan for having deposited the earnest money noted against the work into the Treasury to the credit of "40 (1) Payments into the Treasury by P.W.D.", in default of which the tender will be rejected.
2. Only on acceptance of one of the tenders, the earnest money of the rejected tenders will be returned.
3. Copies of the contract documents, schedule and drawings may be seen at the Office of the Executive Engineer, Buildings Division, Bangalore, on all working days between 11 A.M. and 5 P.M.